Design and Test of a Soft Muscle

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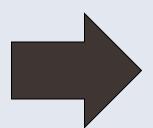
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Soft robots can take robotics out of industry and into the home





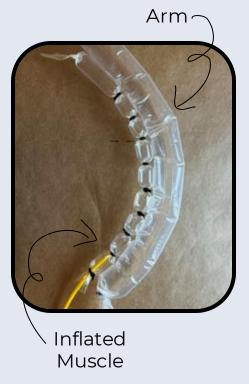


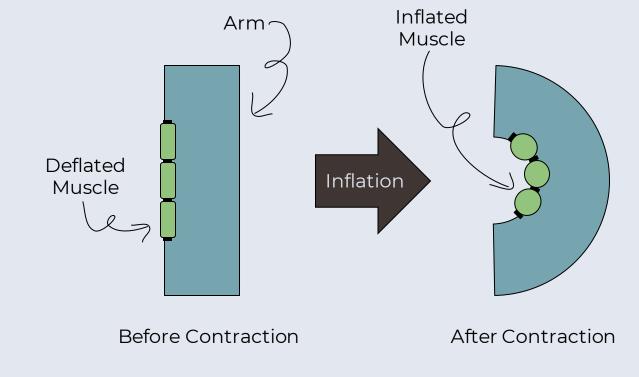


The designs for a sensitive and adaptive robot are an open question

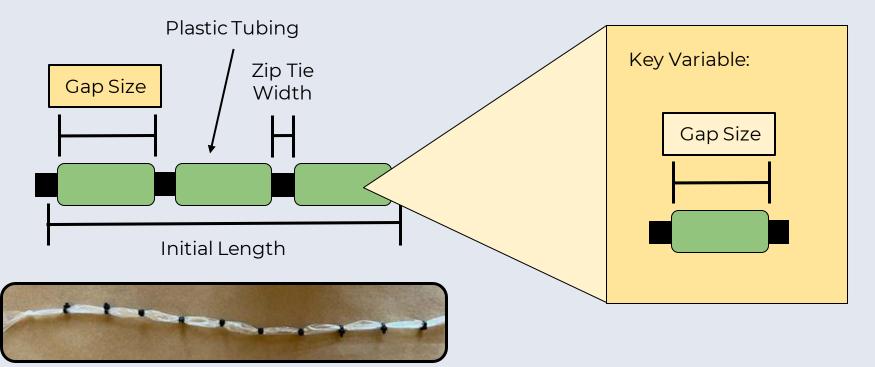


Changes in muscle length cause bending

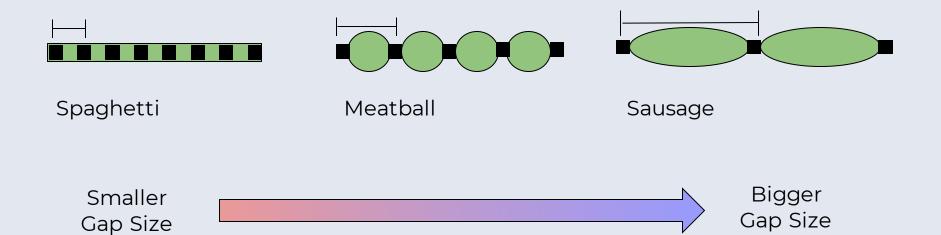




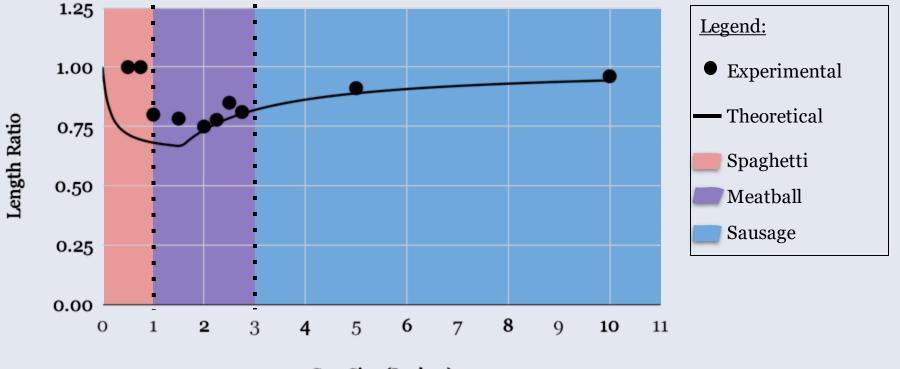
Gap size determines effectivability of muscle



There are three different regimes based on spacing



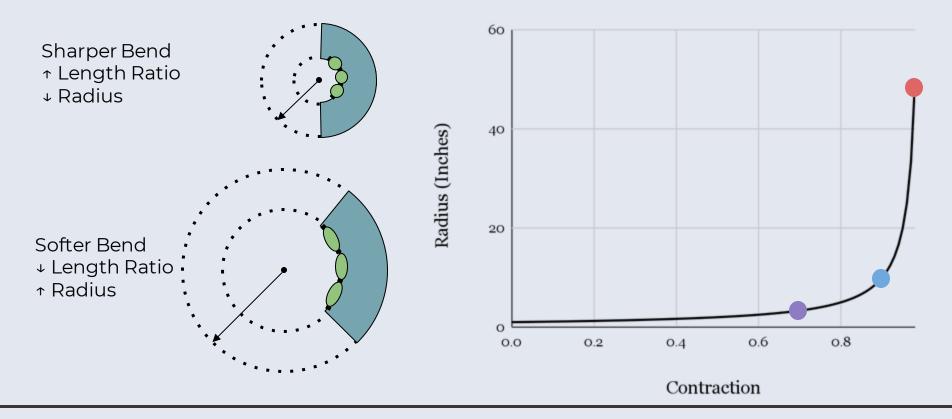
Contraction Varies on Zip Tie Gap



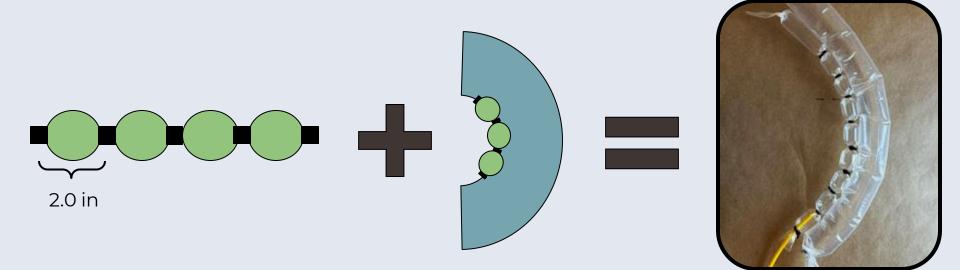
Gap Size (Inches)

6

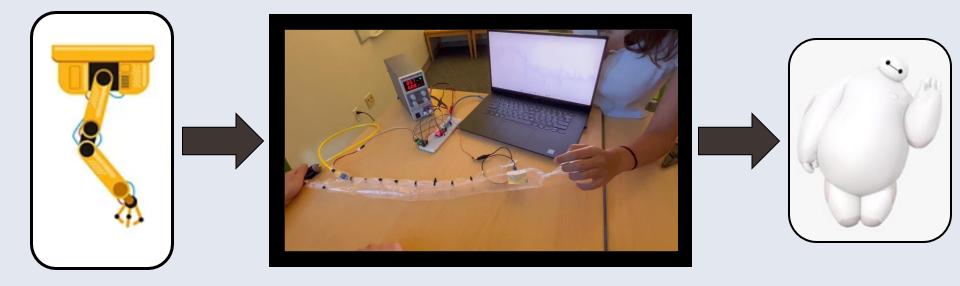
Contraction correlates to radius



Soft muscle contracts most at 2 inch spacing



Next steps include building a soft robot



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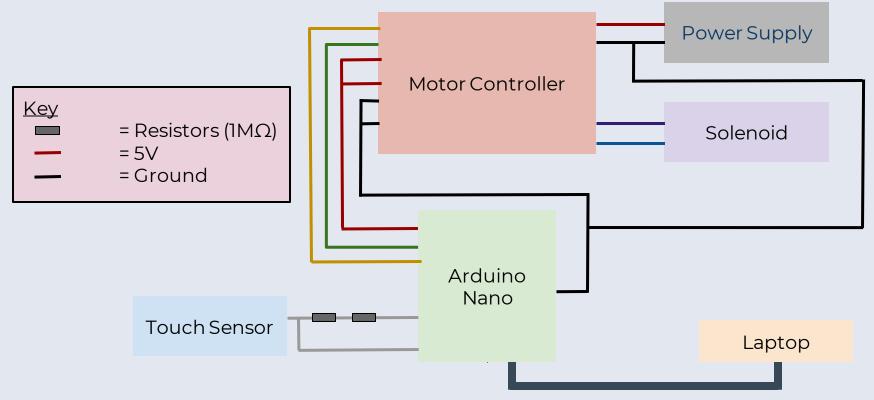
Milagros Esmerode

Steven Gomez





Electronics Layout (Simplified)



Length/Contraction Ratio

2(Radius)

x_o + a

 $2\,x_{\rm o}$

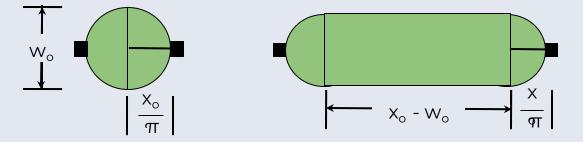
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Spaghetti and Meatball Regime:

Sausage Regime:

 $y = \frac{\frac{2 x_o}{\pi} + a}{x_o + a}$

 $\gamma = \frac{x_o - w_o + \frac{2x_o}{\pi} + a}{x_o + a}$



Radius in relation to length ratio

 $R = \frac{d}{(1 - \gamma)}$

- R Radius
- γ Length ratio d distance betw
 - d distance between inner and outer radius

